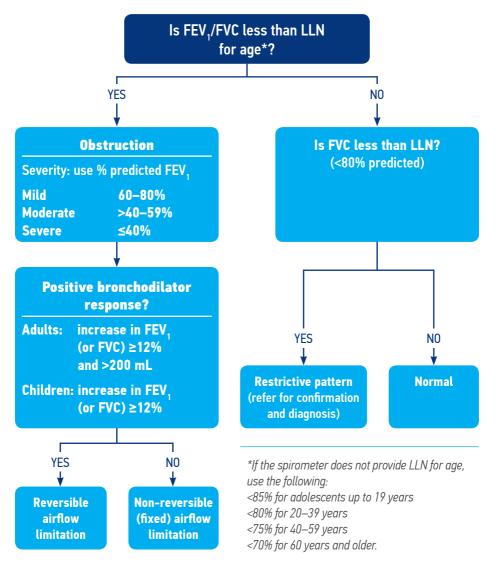
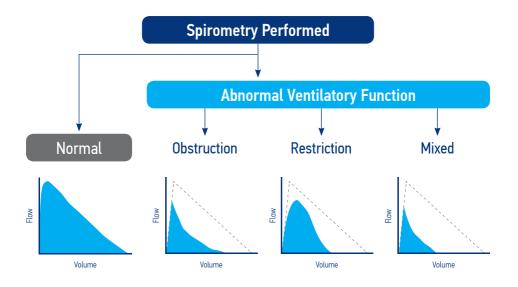
Interpreting results

Simple algorithm for interpreting spirometry



Identifying ventilatory defects



Types of ventilatory defects

	Obstruction	Restriction	Mixed defect
Problem	Expiratory airflow limitation: unable to blow out quickly e.g. asthma, COPD, overlap of asthma and COPD	Limitation to inspiration: small lungs e.g. obesity, pulmonary fibrosis, pleural/chest wall disease, weak inspiratory muscles	Small lungs and unable to blow out quickly
Spirometry findings	Reduced FEV ₁ /FVC ratio	Low FVC but normal or high FEV ₁ /FVC ratio	Reduced FEV ₁ /FVC ratio plus low FVC